



Australian Government
Bureau of Meteorology

Enhanced storm surge forecasting services

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Bureau Warning Services

Moving towards **impacts based** messaging and risk based warnings

- Internationally
 - WMO;
 - UKMO;
 - CMA.....
- Nationally
 - AFAC
 - ANZEMC



Ø National Review of Warnings and Information



Drivers for Operational Storm Surge Service

- Government mandated warning service (Met Act 1955)
 - ∅ Safety of coastal communities
 - ∅ Protection of property and infrastructure
 - ∅ Economic prosperity
- Enhancements to address:
 - ∅ Identified user requirements
 - Past TC events
 - Extensive user/stakeholder consultation
 - ∅ Operational efficiencies and effectiveness for Bureau forecasters





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Storm Surge Project (2013 - 2017)



Objective: To develop and implement a nationally consistent operational storm surge and aggregate sea level forecasting service:

- Enhancing the existing storm surge forecasting and warning capabilities and practices
- Based on solid science including the latest approaches to dynamical storm surge forecasting
- Utilising synergies with existing operational forecast systems available at the Bureau
- Integrated within existing tropical cyclone, severe weather, tide prediction, tsunami warning services



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Forecast System Components

1. TC Storm Surge

- Tropics (including offshore territories)
- Storm surge due TC events
- Probabilistic à uncertainty estimates
- Run specifically for events



2. National Storm Surge

- Whole country (including offshore territories)
- Storm surge due synoptic scale storm events
- Deterministic
- Run routinely every 12/24 hours



NB: At this stage no inundation modelling/forecasts

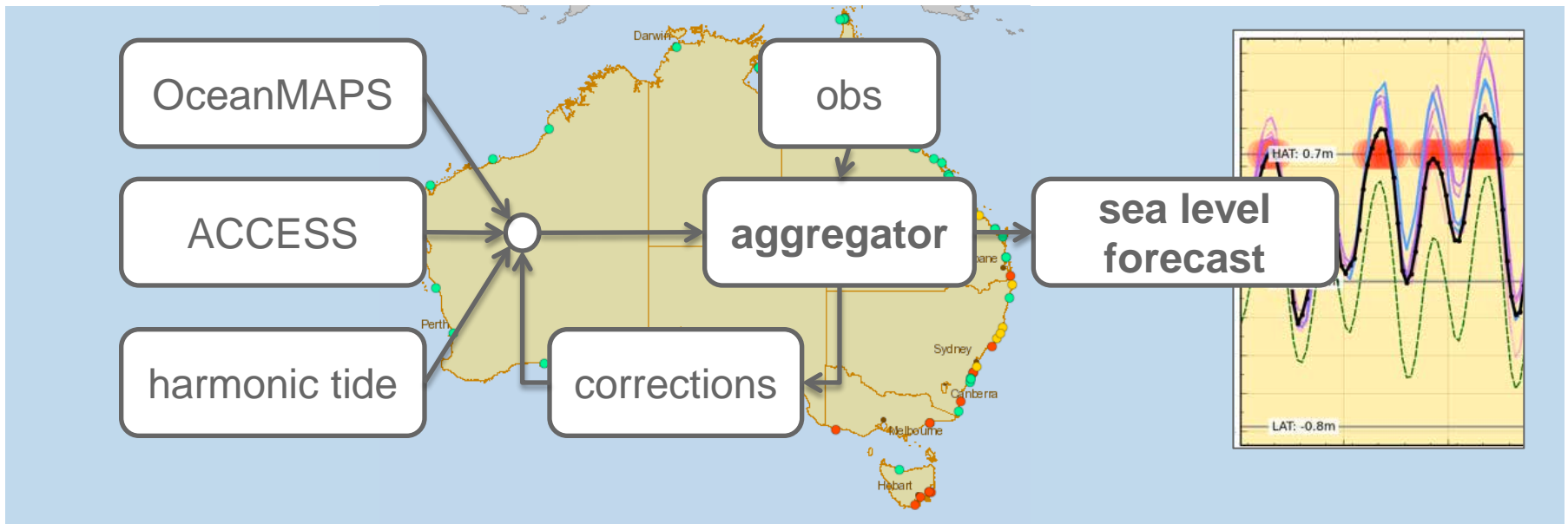
Experimental Aggregate Sea Level System

Realisation of 'total sea level'

- § Forecast observable quantity
- § National scope
- § Tide gauge locations with R/T data
- § User perspective

Exploit existing BoM systems

- § Astronomical tide
- § Sea level (OceanMAPS)
- § Atmospheric pressure (NWP)
- § Bias correction via observation





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Perth June 2014 Event

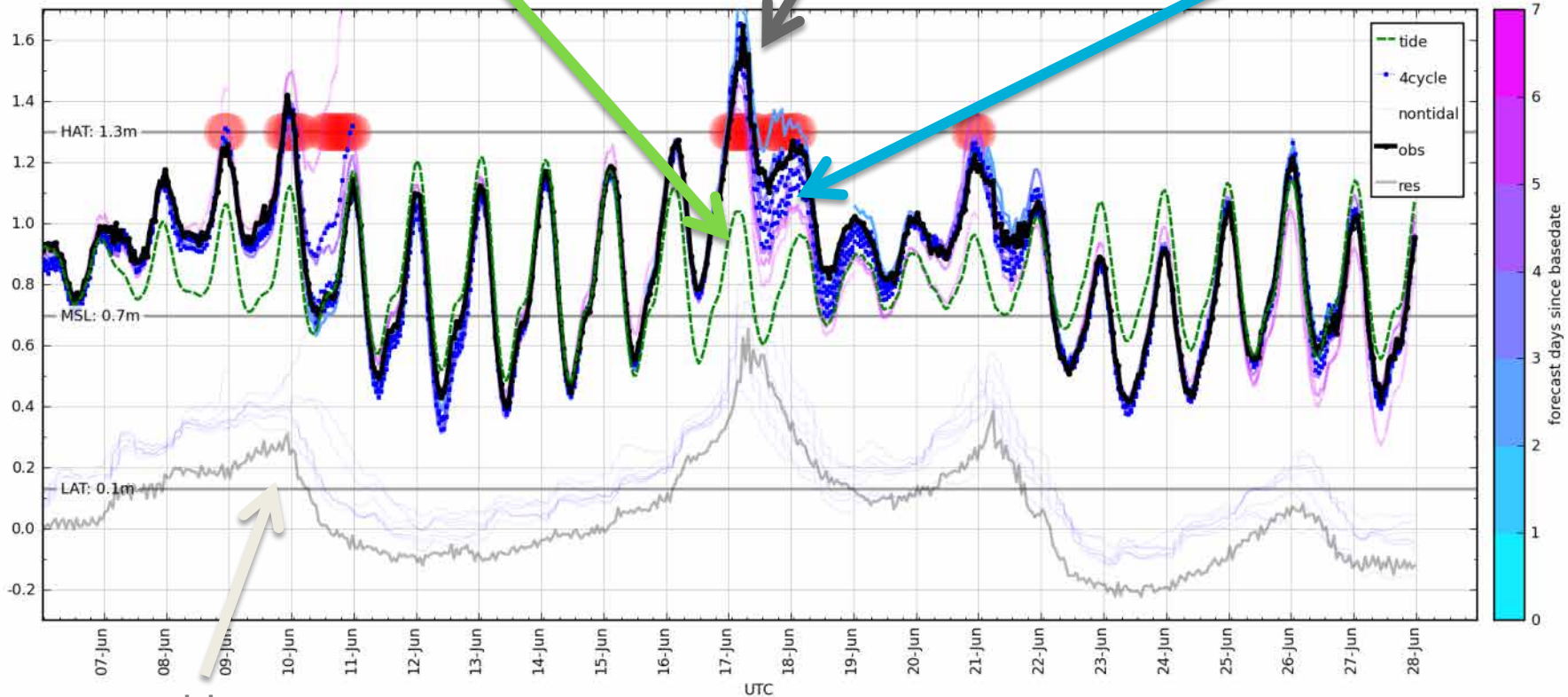


astronomical tide

observed

aggregate forecasts
(colours lead time)

9265: ['HILLARYS BOAT HARBOUR NTC AWS'] near 11.7E, -31.8N



PLOT DETAILS tide Date: Mon 20141103 File: //luxury/home/ataaylor/work/total_sea_level_stations/bsl_fc_dev_version3c/data/bsl/bsl_009265.nc

tide
residual

Dynamical forecast system

Forced by

- TC ensembles => Tropical probabilistic storm surge, event based
- Deterministic (NWP) events => National deterministic storm surge, routinely operating

Delivers

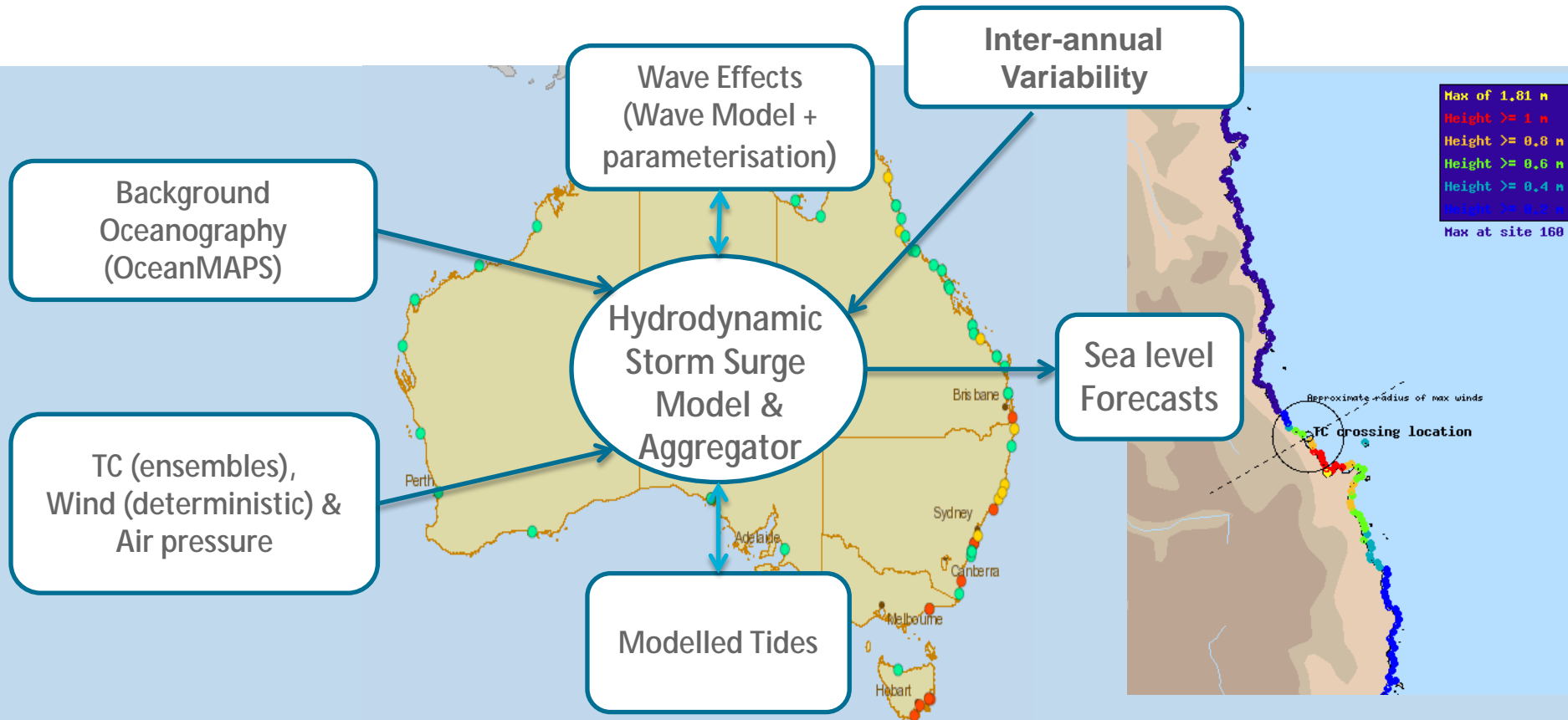
- Sea level predictions at all coastal locations

Includes

- Tides
- Waves
- Background Oceanography

Builds on

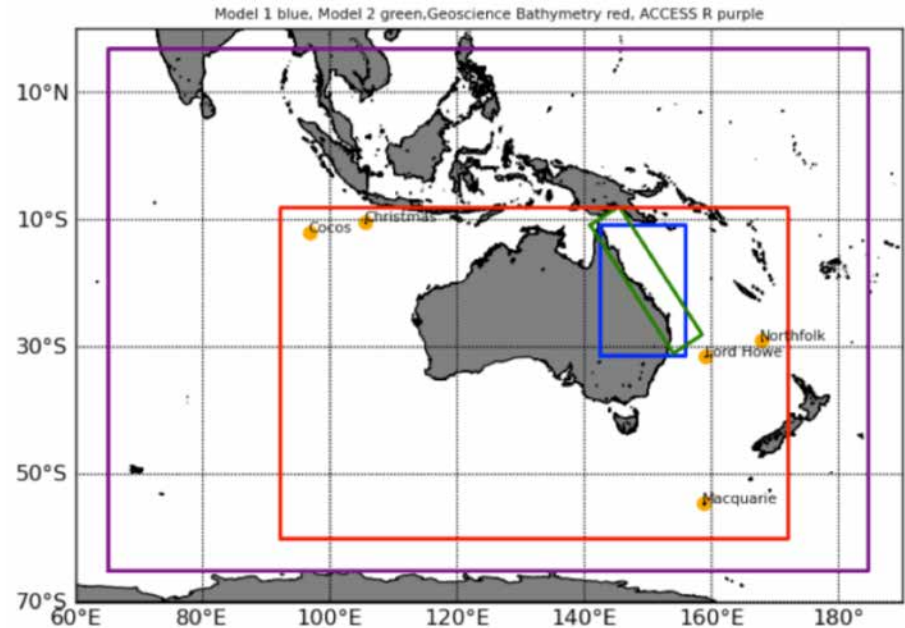
- Aggregate sea level product





Hydrodynamic model

- Regional Ocean Model System (ROMS)
- 2-D model (depth integrated)
- Bathymetry: GA 500m national product
- Horizontal resolution around 1km
- 2-3 day forecasts
- Forced with wind stress and air pressure
- No nesting at boundaries – yet
- Models wind/pressure forced sea level predictions at all grid locations
- No tide or wave coupling



ACCESS-R

GA Bathy

SS grid-5km

SS grid-1km



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100 member ensemble 72 hour forecast tracks for TC Yasi



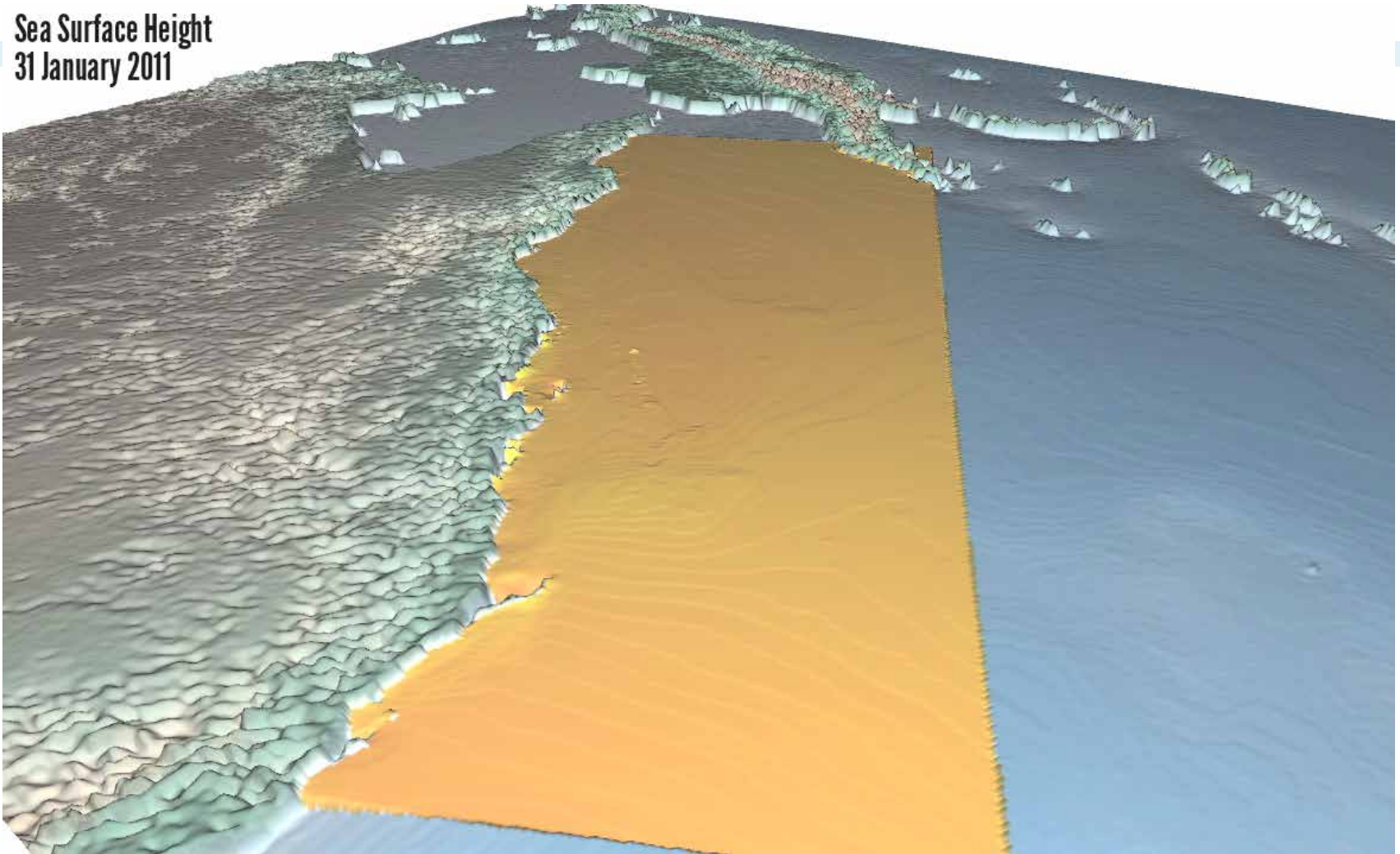


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Sea Surface Height
31 January 2011

TC Yasi

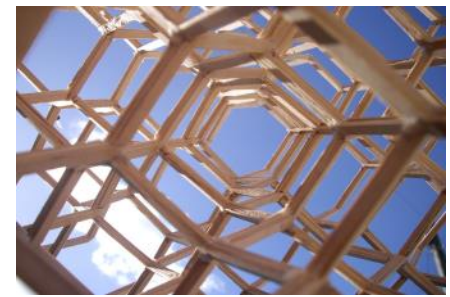




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Verification Policy

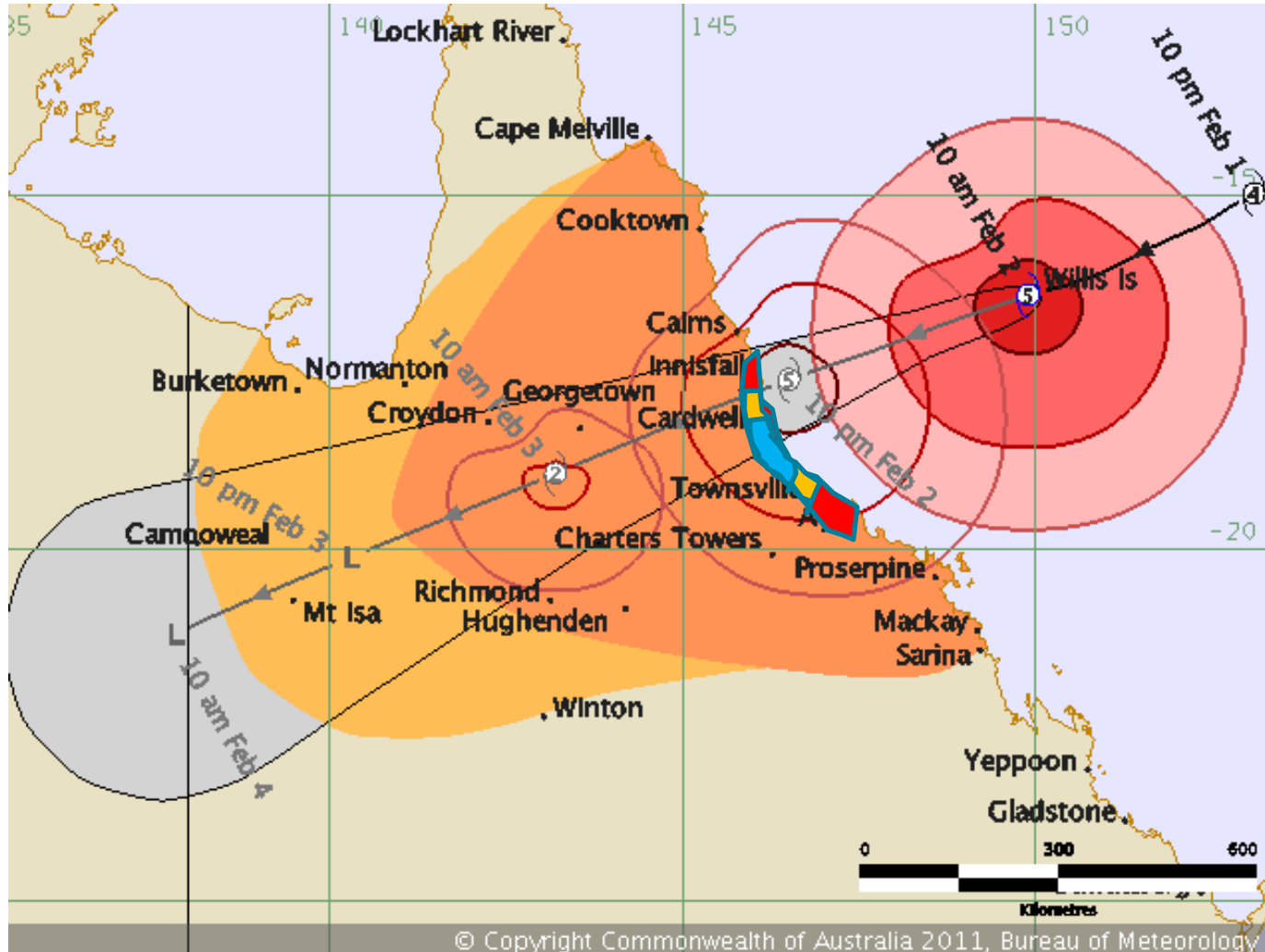


Verification is critical to our operations. It provides objective information on forecast accuracy, reliability and value to:

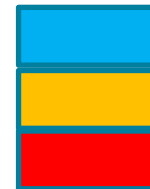
- Government, industry, emergency management and the public to aid decision making in response to forecasts and warnings
- Bureau to measure the level of service quality, identify and address deficiencies in warning and forecast processes;
- Operational forecasters, to strengthen in real time, the robustness of the forecast process;
- Developers of forecast and warning applications to guide model and product development.



TC track, intensity and storm surge



Dangerous storm tide possible



Colours consistent with Qld Evacuation zones

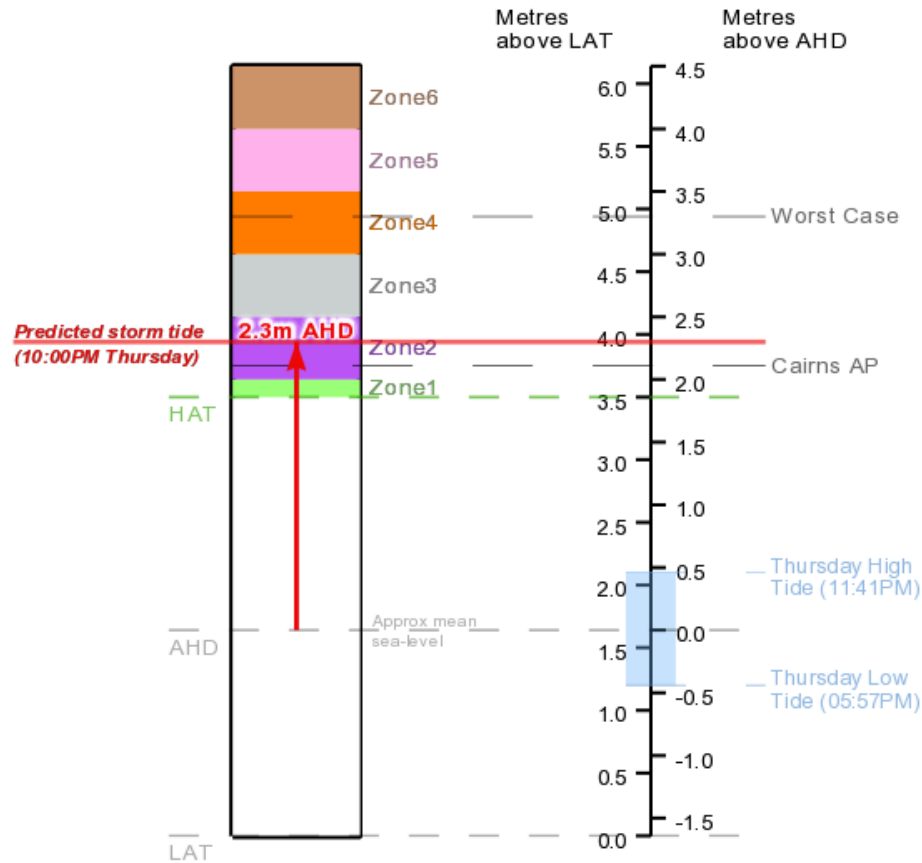


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"Totem poles"

Storm Tide Warning for Cairns Issued Friday 03:25PM EST 07/11/2014



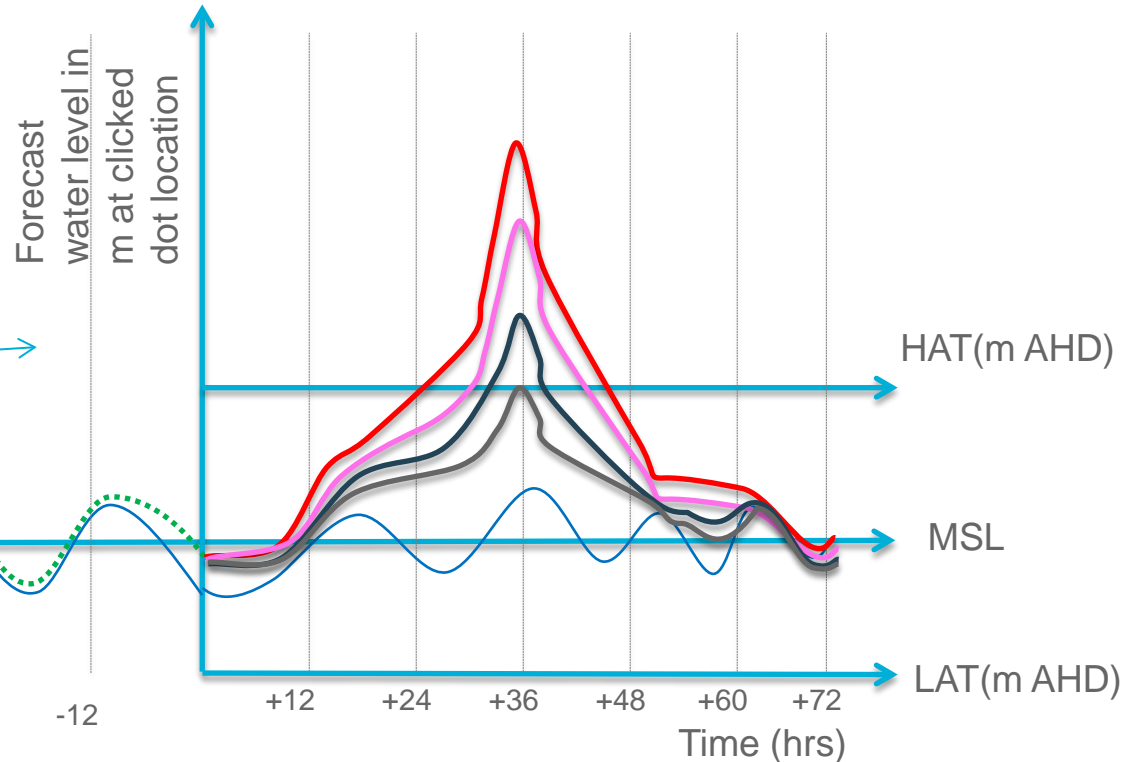


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Storm Tide-grams

Water level at coastline during forecast period

- observed water level (tide gauge data, where applicable)
 - astronomical tide
 - most likely storm tide (consensus track)
 - 50th % exceedance prob storm tide
 - 10th % exceedance prob storm tide
 - 0th % exceedance prob storm tide
- HAT: highest astronomical tide
MSL: mean sea level (0 m AHD approx)

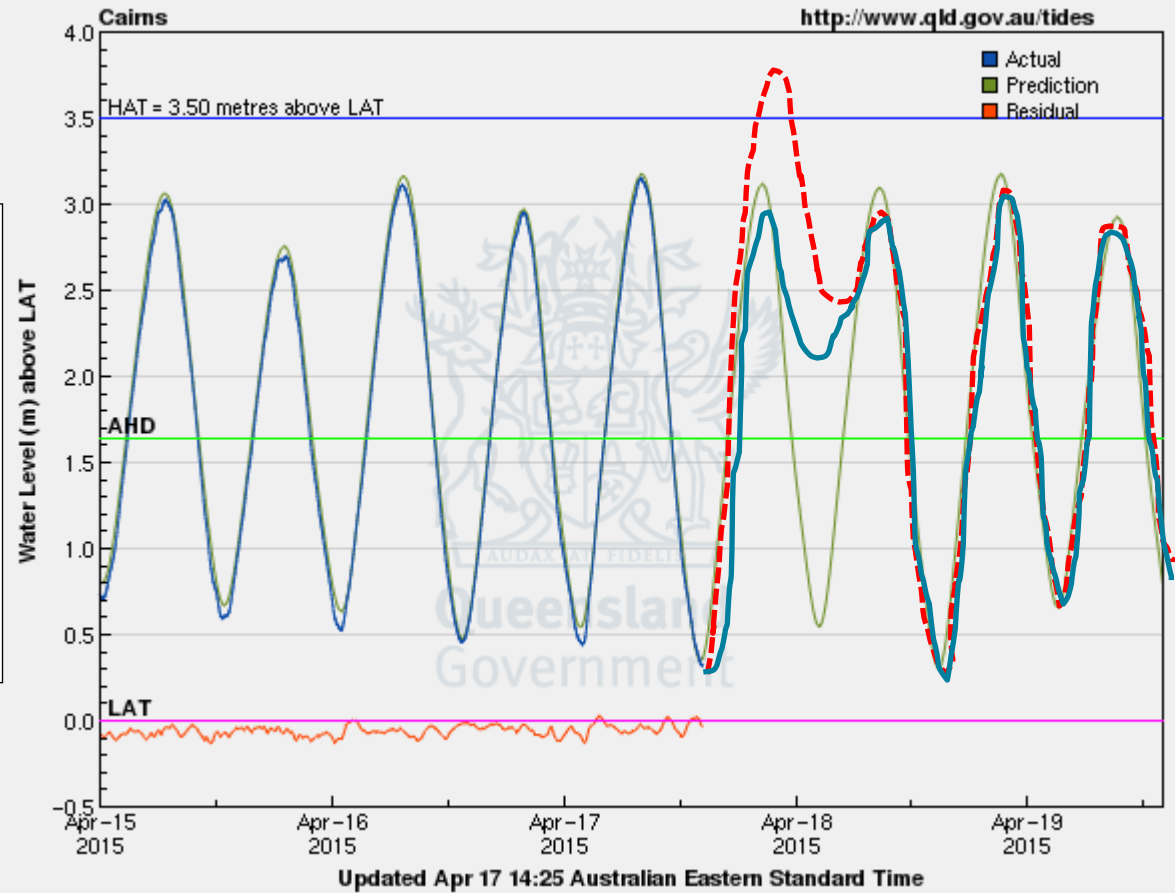




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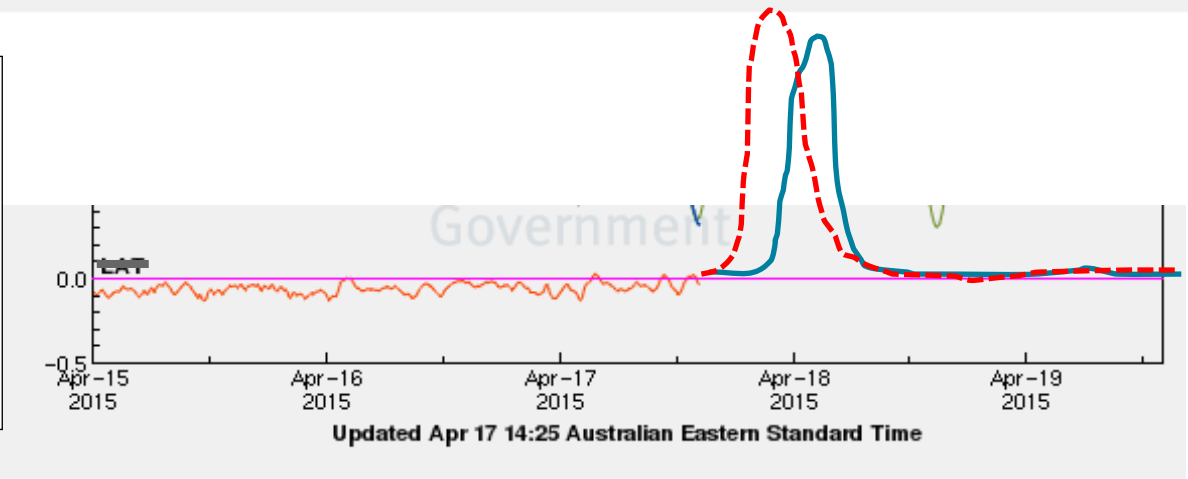
Storm surge time series: Most likely vs worst case

Storm surge plus setup plus tide



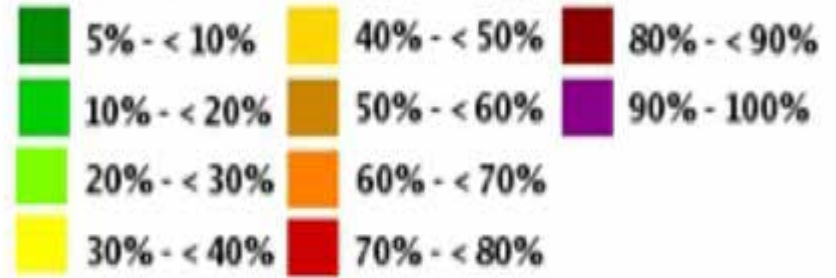
Forecast track scenario (blue solid line)
Worst case scenario (red dashed line)



Storm surge plus setup

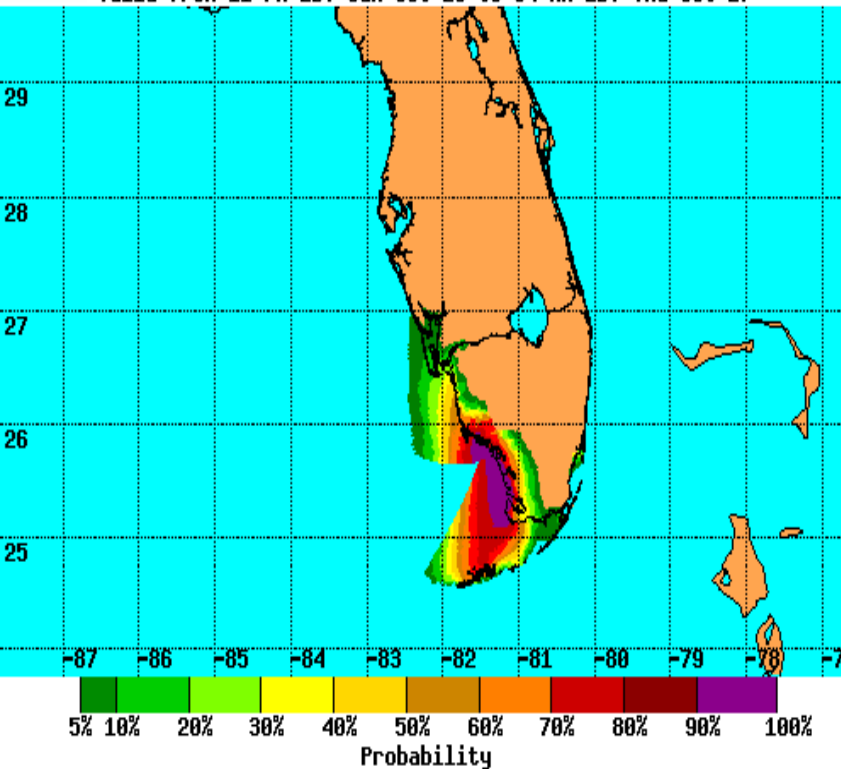


USA NOAA:2014

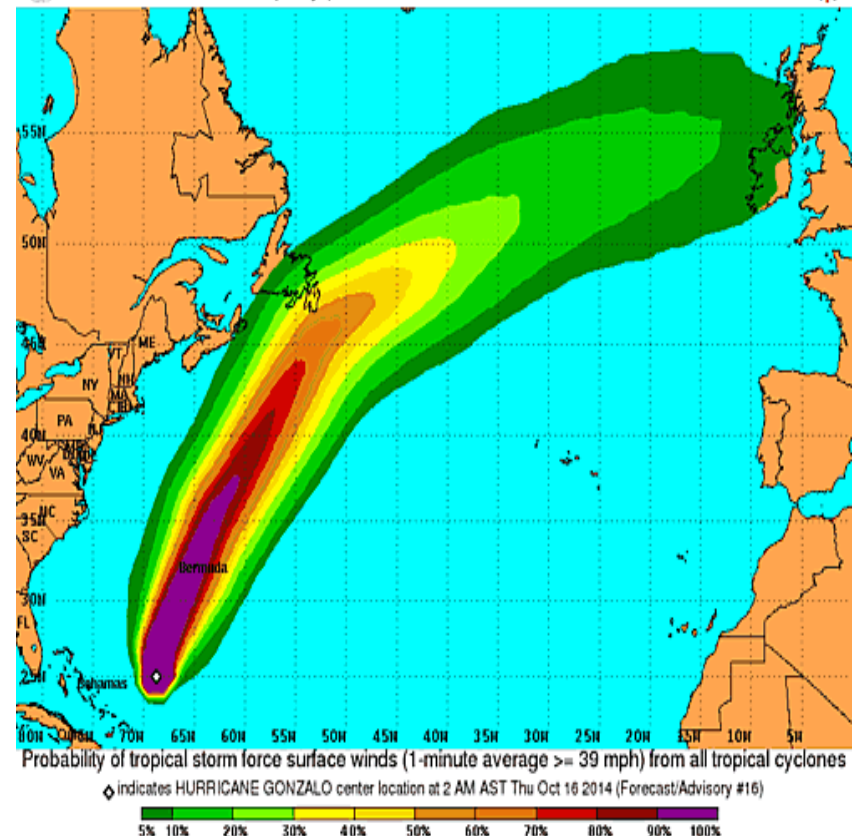
Probability




Experimental Tropical Cyclone Storm Surge Probabilities
 Chance of Storm Surge \geq 5 feet at Individual Locations
 Hurricane Wilma (2005) Advisory 35
 Valid from 11 PM EDT Sun Oct 23 to 04 AM EDT Thu Oct 27





Tropical Storm Force Wind Speed Probabilities
 For the 120 hours (5 days) from 2 AM AST Thu Oct 16 to 2 AM AST Tue Oct 21



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Operational Service Implementation 2017

- Verified, tested & documented
- Robust
- Dedicated 24/7 support
- Business continuity plans
- Quality assured
- Performance monitored
- Staff competency training





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THANK YOU!